BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE

BANGOR (ME.) FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1869.

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THE BANGOR

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Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your Subscription respectfully solicited.

BUSINESS CARDS.

FOUR CHAIRS!

THE public appreciate good work and gentlemanly treatment. Hence the decided success of Messrs. HENDERSON & JOHNSON, employing FOUR CHAIRS to accommodate their PATRONS. All styles of hair cutting and shaving in the best manner. Competent assistants are employed. All customers may place perfect reliance in the best of attention. Beautiful qualities of dressings for the hair, Pomades, Cosmetics, Lustral, Tonics, Oil, Black and Brown Dyes, Cocoanut Creams and Renewers. These compounds are perfectly beautifying to one's hair and home dressing. Also, Trichorous, the unequalled remedy in the world. This superior article is healing both to the scalp and skin—a splendid wash for removing tan from the face and hands. Conducting, grinding, and lining razors, collars, cigars, shaving soap—all these articles can be had at Henderson & Johnson's Temperance Saloon, over Hill's & Baker's, Water and Kenduskeag Bridge.

HENDERSON & JOHNSON'S thanks to the public for their patronage.

Bangor, June 11th, 1869. 1w*

H. H. ANDREWS,
Attorney & Counselor at Law,
—OFFICE—
53 WEST MARKET SQUARE—BANGOR.
June 10 1f next to Wheelwright & Clark's.

Dr. E. C. YOUNG,
Surgeon Dentist,
Attend to the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.
Natural TEETH FILLED, and ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted on Gold, Silver, or Vulcanized Rubber, in the most thoroughly manner, and warranted. Teeth carefully EXTRACTED with the least possible pain. Prices moderate and to suit patrons, when desired.
Offices in Union Block, Main st., Bangor, over Alden's Drug Store. 1 cor. 7 (1).

GEO. P. DUTTON,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
No. 5 SMITH BLOCK,
Bangor, - - Maine.
May 20th, 1869.

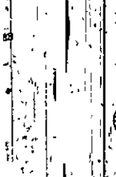
W. D. RAND,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Coffee, Spices, Cream Tartar, and Soda,
183 STATE STREET, - - BOSTON.
april 4 3m*

MOSES N. WARD,
Machinist & Model Maker,
ALSO,
All kinds of repairing done to order, such as Wagons, Sleighs, Canes, Fishing Tackle, Sewing Machines &c.
No. 4 Main St., 2d flight.
I have also a number of Patents in the Agricultural line for sale. Please call and examine.
Bangor, March 1st, 1869.

H. L. MITCHELL,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
CAN BE FOUND AT
OLD OFFICE, - NO. 2 W. MARKET SQUARE
(Next to Wheelwright & Clark's Block.)
Bangor, Maine.
February 25, 1869.

WM. T. HILLIARD,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
—OFFICE—
Over Mercantile Bank, Hammond St.
Bangor, Nov. 22, 1868.—tf (Times copy)

Stencil Cutting.
SHINGLE BRANDS and Stencils of every description cut at short notice: Brass Alphabets, Stencil Plates & Brushes constantly on hand. Name Plates cut to Round writing & Old English letter, with superior indelible ink, also key check & rings.
CAUTION.—As some are travelling around the country claiming to make a like work with shapes ten times dearer cold, and no experience in the business, I would respectfully invite the public to examine my work before purchasing elsewhere.
W. H. B. EARLE,
No. 2 HARLOW'S BLOCK, (up stairs).
feb4 d&w East End Kenduskeag Bridge.

J. H. CLERGUE

BARBER
AND
Wig-Maker,
117 Exchange Street.
Where can be found a large Assortment of Fine Human HAIR, Old Stand, Next Door to Post Office. Wigs and Half Wigs repaired at short notice. Ladies entrance 115 Exchange Street. may 25

Wheat Meal,
Made from the Best of WHITE WHEAT
—ALSO—
Corn and Rye Meal,
For sale by MORSE & CO.
nov 14

Drs. O. H. & H. L. Jewell,
ECLECTIC PHYSICIANS,
OFFICE IN DRUG STORE.
East Side Exchange Street,
Three Doors from State Street.
Bangor, October 7th, 1868. 3taw

CROSDALE'S
GENUINE
SUPER-PHOSPHATE,
THE STANDARD FERTILIZER
FOR ALL CROPS.
Richer in Ammonia and Phosphoric Acid than any other Fertilizer in the Market.
For sale by ALBERT NOYES,
BANGOR, MAINE.
Send for circulars. Free by mail. 3tos

For Sale,

TEN TOP BUGGIES,
Two Open Buggies,
Two Break Wagons,
Two Express Wagons,
Two Sets of Double Harness,
Six Riding Saddles and Bridles.
Andrew Hurley,
apr 19 1y* No. 211 Exchange Street.

READ! READ!
NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY,
NEW GOODS
JUST RECEIVED AT THE
BANGOR BAZAAR
A FULL STOCK, CONSISTING OF
HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS,
BUTTONS AND BRAIDS,
HOSIERY, all sizes and prices, from 10 cents to $1.00.
GLOVES, in Lisle Thread, Silk, White and Colored—a good assortment.
Kid Gloves
Only $1.00—every pair warranted.
Lots of Cheap Jewelry, Sets from 25 cents, Sleeve Buttons, Pins and Earrings, very cheap.
FANS—FANS!
The largest stock in the city, all prices, which we offer at only 5 cents.
PARASOLS ONLY $1.00!
If you will call at a Travelling Dealer's store, you will find the above articles.
THE BANGOR BAZAAR
IS THE PLACE TO BUY THEM.
Cambrics, Corsetings, very low prices. Dolls, Doll Carriages, Carts, Wagons, Drums, and hundreds of articles warranted to please the children. Come and see what good trade you can get.
Remember, the Bangor Bazaar is the Place.
may 14 3tw H. W. DURGIN

Agricultural.
FARMERS will please take notice that they can buy the BEST CLOTHES, THE CHEAPEST OF OTHERS, THE STRONGEST CLOTHES, THE MOST ELEGANT CLOTHES, at WATERMAN & CO'S.

Mechanical.
THE MECHANICS of this vicinity will do well to keep an eye open to look at the prices of NEW SPRING GOODS, The finest lot ever offered to the public at the LOWEST PRICES.
J. WATERMAN & CO.

Domestic.
TO BRING INTO YOUR HOUSEHOLD THE comfort and joy which follows a thing of the male members of the family, Beautifully and Economically Clad, buy your Clothes at
J. WATERMAN & CO'S.

Pecuniary.
TO get the most clothes for the least money, buy their garments for the fewest dollars: the greatest satisfaction for the smallest expenditure—all you have to do is to buy your clothes at
J. WATERMAN & CO'S,
77 Exchange Street, 3 doors North of Pavilion Hotel, Bangor, Me. may 1 1m

WARD'S!
Patent Grapple,
THIS GRAPPLE WAS INVENTED BY
Moses N. Ward,
OF BANGOR,
Also manufactured December 8th, 1868.
IN STRENGTH, SIMPLICITY, and FACILITY OF WORK, it far surpasses all other of the kind ever invented.
Its wonderful strength in addition to every facility to which it is capable to be applied, recommends it to all who want a good, hard, black, and durable, equal readiness.
No Mill, no Vessel, no Store nor Store House, should be without it.
It is indispensable to every ship builder, and every house builder. In fact, the Grapple is real this wherever there is heavy pieces to be staged, hoisted and moved.
All persons interested in the use of the Grapple are invited to call and examine the same, at the store of the manufacturer,
THO'S JENNESS & SON,
No. 12 West Market Square,
BANGOR.
april 2 3m

Wanted!—Agents
FOR PROF. PARSONS'
LAWS of BUSINESS
Written in Plain and Simple Language, for Business Men in the Union.
BY THE PHILUS PARSONS, LL.D.,
Professor of Law in Harvard University, and Author of "Marry Law Books." A New, Fresh, Popular work. Explaining the rights, duties and obligations of all the relations of life, as well as every kind of contract and legal obligation.
A correct, economical and safe Counsel and Adviser. Giving directions for every proceeding and showing how to draw and execute every kind of legal instrument. Essential to every Farmer, Manufacturer, Public Officer, Landowner, Tenant, Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Mortgagor, Mortgagee, Lessor, Lessee, Agent, Principal, Partner, Bailor, Bailee, Bailee, Bailee

Whig & Courier.

JOHN H. LYNDE, - - PROPRIETOR.

FRIDAY, JUNE 18, 1869.

Republican State Convention,

The citizens of Ma[illegible] endorse the policy [illegible] nunciated in the [illegible] Address of President Grant, and who are [illegible] of a judicious and economical administrat[illegible] state and National affairs, are requested to [illegible] delegates to a Convention to be held in

NOROMBEGA HALL, - - BANGOR,

THURSDAY, JUNE 24th,

At 11 o'clock A. M. [illegible] purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor [illegible] and to transact such other business as may p[illegible] come before the Convention.

The basis of represe[illegible] will be as follows:—Each city, town and p[illegible] will be entitled to one delegate, and one [illegible] and delegate for every seventy-five votes ca[illegible] at the Gubernatorial [illegible] of 1868. A fraction of forty votes will be e[illegible] an additional delegate.

No person will be [illegible] as a delegate from any town outside of [illegible] of which he is a resident.

The State Committee [illegible] in session at the reception room of the Ha[illegible] M., for the purpose of [illegible] the credentials of delegates, and to hear [illegible] determine all cases of contested elections, subject to ratification by the Convention.

Kennebec, [illegible] LAINE, *Chairman.*
Androscoggin, [illegible] POWERS.
Aroostook, [illegible] PATRICK ROBIE.
Cumberland, [illegible] CALBOT.
Franklin, [illegible] REED.
Hancock, [illegible] W. WEST.
Knox, [illegible] W. FRENCH.
Lincoln, [illegible] REED.
Oxford, [illegible] WALKER.
Penobscot, [illegible] G. HATCH.
Piscataquis, [illegible] ALBROOK.
Sagadahoc, [illegible] P. HAYES.
Somerset, [illegible] BELL.
Waldo, [illegible] BLIKEN.
Washington, [illegible] CHART.
York, [illegible] FLER.

For State Committee.

The Democratic [illegible] is a peculiar machine. It is an hy[illegible] blous, it is irresp[illegible] for anything.—It still lives when [illegible] natural laws it should be dead. It [illegible] heart, its lungs, its stomach, were con[illegible] years ago and latterly it has strut[illegible] but limpsily with a numerous supply [illegible] money but and a limited measure [illegible] brains. It still lives, and the [illegible] for this is the magnificent indifference with which it regards pri[illegible] carelessness with which it ignores [illegible] It lives because it has no heart [illegible] or lungs. The body has been [illegible] and used a year or so they set [illegible] with a supply of false vitals, and une[illegible] to make us believe it is the coming [illegible] Reserves for target practice, and [illegible] the Republican party defiantly [illegible] with the idea that it is endo[illegible] with animation, and simply hardest [illegible] know it all. We call it a villainous old [illegible] never changes countenance. We [illegible] thief, a swindle, a murderer [illegible] blushes. Put names nor epithets [illegible] Sometimes our broadsides carre[illegible] large portions of its vital supply, [illegible] they facetiously call platforms,—[illegible] find plenty more. The materi[illegible] not a material question; they can [illegible] the mummy with something sim[illegible] some old sorts of stuff, principa[illegible] Every year we tri[illegible] and knocks over and demolish the m[illegible] are appointed to hold up and elect [illegible] the curiosity, but their places are very [illegible] supplied. We make them take it [illegible] rolled down sometimes—not from [illegible] for the showmen are proud of p[illegible] from the very necessity of supply[illegible] new, with a clean pinafore. T[illegible] congratulate ourselves, it's gone for ever! Not so! Up it comes again, [illegible] washed face, with now intestines, [illegible] grim and gaunt than ever. It has [illegible] the American people unceasingly [illegible] when it subsides again we laugh at [illegible] for having been so awfully frig[illegible] But we find the corpse has been [illegible] faithfully embalmed to decay [illegible] and we expect to be frighted [illegible] amused in turn for years to com[illegible] When the Egyptian pyramids fall, [illegible] democratic mummy may dissolve fr[illegible] the effect of sympathy! So we poss[illegible] some patience, and observe th[illegible] dissolving views of the figures w[illegible] intermixed and commingled with plea[illegible]

Commend us to Se[illegible] power of Tennessee. He is evident[illegible] of lovely head. It is not true of him [illegible] eyes are getting blinded, according [illegible] old song, for that he cannot see his [illegible] On the contrary, his vision is superh[illegible] and his judgment is of that crystal [illegible] transparency that every one can take [illegible] guidance. For he lately made a speech in [illegible] counsel advising the young men to copy [illegible] character and career of Ex-President [illegible] son, and informing the colored p[illegible] that to that self-elected Moses were th[illegible] entitled for their freedom and to bim[illegible] they look for future guidance. We a[illegible] led to understand whether they av[illegible] special tax on whiskey in that State, [illegible] they cannot afford to sustain [illegible] asylum.—Either one of these [illegible] the dilemma must be taken, or one [illegible] that Senator Fowler is drumming [illegible] recruits for the regions where blacks [illegible] affiliate with extreme warmth.

The city of Omaha, [illegible] for the border of George Francis T[illegible] has gone Dem[illegible] Victory at last perches upon t[illegible] scored banners. It is evident that Seym[illegible] and Blair leaped into the whelming [illegible] so soon, for a genuine reaction has [illegible] in, it is rumored that the Democ[illegible] will carry New York City, and that direr [illegible] seeks the sewers.

Somebody in Tenne[illegible] intimates that after all Andy Johnson may step up and take the Democratic n[illegible] for Governor. We trust he will do so. Our friends are so strong [illegible] confident there that they have though[illegible] to indulge in a little family quar[illegible] dividing upon Stokes and Senter. [illegible] could only be so kind as to proclaim himself a candidate and show the faith[illegible] nce for his elevation to the office [illegible] vernor, the Republicans would run [illegible] er and stick like liquid glue. Not [illegible] like a little wholesome fear to unit[illegible] ordant elements.

Applications are cons[illegible] being received at the Treasury De[illegible] from National Banks, and part[illegible] from those which have been Gover[illegible] depositories, for coupon bonds in lieu [illegible] registered bonds on deposit with the Tre[illegible] of the United States. Such application[illegible] announced from Washington, can [illegible] granted without special authority from Co[illegible]

HINT FOR MOTLEY. [illegible] Washington Star says editorially [illegible] Mr. Motley gets ready to show [illegible] Clarendon that England ought to [illegible] compensate us for the shipping driven from [illegible] ocean by the Alabama and kindred [illegible], one of the strongest arguments which [illegible] can present may be copied from the [illegible] of the legation. It was written by [illegible] Mr. Reverdy Johnson, in February, [illegible] time he was a letter to the State Department. The position he took is very [illegible] strong as that taken by Mr. Sumner on the same question, and does not accord very well with what he has recently said [illegible] Mr. Sumner's speech.

The New York Comm[illegible] intimates that the negro riots in Washington should convince the New York democrats of the capacity of the African race for the proper exercise of the suffrage. The disturbances in Washington were not so great, and the outrages did not come up to the standard of New York democracy. But even Tammany must consent that they were highly respectable for a beginning, and a most hopeful indication of what training and practice may accomplish. With a little instruction from the Empire Club, no one can predict what perfection these beginners might attain, or how soon they might qualify themselves for the high respect of the democratic party.

THE ARMY AND NAVY OF THE GUL[illegible]—At a preliminary meeting of officers of the Army and Navy, formerly serving in the Department of the Gulf, held at Delmonico's, New York, March 24, 1869, Brevet Major Gen'l E. L. Molineux, Brig. Generals C. C. Dwight, C. T. Christensen, George H. Drake, Duncan S. Walker, Wm. Wilson, and Major H. Lawrence Sholden were appointed a committee to propose arrangements for a grand reunion of all the officers of the command. In compliance with such appointment, the committee have attended to the duties assigned them, and announce that the first annual Reunion and Banquet of the Society will take place at the Stetson House, Long Branch, New Jersey, July 18, 1869, the anniversary of the capture of Port Hudson. The Reception Committee, consisting of Generals Christensen, Drake and Hubbard, and the Treasurer Major Clarence T. Barrett will be in attendance at the Astor House, New York, on the 6th, 6th and 7th days of July, to receive officers arriving in the city. On the 8th of July, officers wishing to attend the reunion will meet in the parlors of the Astor House, at 11 A. M., where a brief business meeting will be held. At 1 P. M. the Society will proceed by special steamer to the Stetson House, Long Branch. In the evening the annual oration will be delivered by Major General Wm. H. Emory, U. S. A., former commander of the 19th Corps. Room by Col. A. S. Duganne, 17th New York Vols. Banquet at 8 P. M., at which there will be responses by prominent officers of the Department. Admiral D. G. Farragut will preside. The next day a meeting will be held to take measures for collating historical and biographical material for an accurate history of the Department. At 2 P. M. a special steamer, by accommodation of the Society, will leave for a trip. By this arrangement the committee have secured a desirable place for a summer reunion at less actual cost than it could be held in the city. Privileges of different Club houses of the city have been obtained for members of the Society during their stay. Tickets, including Banquet and fare to and from the Branch, will be $8, which can be obtained of the Reception Committee on the days above named. Officers desiring to join the association are requested to send their address, (enclosing $8 subscription fee) to Col. G. P. Hawes, 20 Nassau street, New York, or to Gen. George B. Drake, 16 Long Wharf, Boston, Mass., either of whom will give any further information that may be desired. All of the following named officers who could be heard from have accepted invitation and will be present:—Major Generals Butler, Banks, Canby, Franklin, Sherman, Weitzel, Grover, Hurlbut, Dix, Sheridan's Pesonden, Paine, Washburn, Shepley, Sergeant, Birge, Fiske, Davidson, McCauly, Lee, Bowen, Stone, Roberts, Beckwith, Thomas, Alexander, J. G. Wilson, Beale and others, both of the Navy and Army.

BANGOR, June 17, 1869.

To the Editor of the Daily Whig.

The writer in your columns over the signature of "G" insinuated or asserted, in two or more instances, that the matter of bringing the water from "Hat Chase" into Bangor, was advocated by certain members of the City Government, from selfish motives, they being stockholders in the Company, rather than from a desire to advance the pecuniary welfare. As this is a serious charge, openly made, it might if not contradicted pass for the truth, to the prejudice of the reputation of the City Government. Consequently I have taken special care to examine into the truth of G's charge, and can squarely deny it and assert that no member of the City Government has now, or has had up to this time, either directly or indirectly, any pecuniary interest whatever in the stock of the Bangor Water Company. The only interest they have is that which they feel in common with the great majority of our citizens, that it is very desirable to have Bangor abundantly supplied with pure water.

GENERAL DIX ON THE FUTURE OF THIS COUNTRY. The following is the most interesting part of General Dix's speech in reply to the toast of the evening at the banquet in his honor, in Paris on the 1st instant:

"I believe there are few intelligent persons on either side of the Atlantic who do not expect to see our jurisdiction still further enlarged. If this expectation is realized, it will be by treaties, amicable arrangements with our States. We have gained nothing by unworthy schemes of territorial acquisition; those dangerous instruments of ambition by which nations profoundly certain to work out, soon or late, their own downfall. If future accessions of Territory come to us, it will be, as in the past, through causes prepared beyond the circle of our own. It is on this condition only that such accessions will prove a blessing to ourselves or a benefit to mankind. Such is the spirit of the popular movement across the continent of North America. Steadily fall the great migrations which history has recorded, from the Christian era to the present time, consist of exodus of barbarous nations from the inhospitable regions in which they were bred, transferring themselves to more genial latitudes, and gaining possession, by brute force, of the treasures of civilization, or of fancy the citadels, the offspring of religious frenzy, seeking to propagate creeds of faith by fire and sword. Ours is the majestic but the calm and bloodless march of the hosts of civilization, in the ranks of which every nation in Christendom has its representatives, going forth to subdue the wilderness, and to extract from its woods, its seas, and its caverns, by the patient hand of industry, the treasures nature has been accumulating from the beginning of time.

"In regard to the relations of the great States of the eastern hemisphere to each other, we may be said to have been in the past, as I trust we may be in the future, an unarmed neutrality, standing aloof from their rivalries and their conflicts, asserting within our own limits, without any of the insignia of military force or preparation, but maintaining through the more powerful agonies of opinion, the principles which we believe to be best calculated to secure our own happiness and prosperity, and to promote the welfare of the human race. With the spirit of peace, and not of war—of improvement, and not of devastation—of fraternity, and not of aggression—

Across the wide-spread Continent our fathers sailed we hear,
Each hill and vale from sea to sea the sacred sound shall wear,
And unseen hands shall strengthen our ... which in air.

As we are marching on.

What may be our condition and our destiny a hundred years hence, when the vacant spaces between the two oceans shall be filled up, and the reached of population shall do felt, as it inevitably must be, upon the shores of the Pacific, no human sagacity can forsee. We can only hope that there may be nothing in our history, during the intervening years to render us unworthy of the prosperity which has been vouchsafed to us; that we may go on quietly and steadily to the completion of our great task, preserving our good faith in all things with scrupulous fidelity, respecting the laws and institutions of other countries, as we call on them to respect our own, abstaining from all interference in their domestic concerns, and, more, abstaining from all propagandism except by through the peaceful example of good government within our own limits, leaving to Providence to determine in what manner and to what extent the principles of our political system shall, in other quarters of the globe, exert an influence favorably to the advancement and elevation of the whole race of improvement in industry and the arts and best good of the human race."

THE LADIES' ASSOCIATION. The following interesting letter from Mrs. Sharpe, of Georgia, and gives some touching incidents of the march of Adam's and Sherman's divisions of Sherman's army, "faithfully followed in the country." We take it from the columns of the American Union:

ATLANTA, Ga., May 2[illegible]

Dear Sir—Agreeable with your request, I give you in writing the conversation which passed between Senator Adams and myself on Sunday, 11th inst., the day before the anniversary of a martyr to the war.

In Augusta, the 11th, I was on my way to church on Green street. Senator Adams saw me, and came out and had a long talk with me, the church said. Among other things, he said:

"I left Washington a year ago to-morrow. I was told you would be in the city. I have come to see you. He replied that he was the right man to get home, as then recalled what he had heard the day before in one of the stores in Augusta. He said:

"I was in a store yesterday when two men were talking, one of them I knew to be from Tompkins county, the other marked in the other. They were doing a good business in Western county. What is that, said the other? They shelled two niggers last week, did they, said the other? Well, I don't know, said the first, I have no idea you can get rid of them. The Senator then said: I have followed the Sherman army wife for months in the matter. I know what it has cost me to keep away from home, and I think I will try to get home. Do you know, said he, I never got lost, alive. Chips of Pompey's head, he said, do the same thing, and tell you they have gone home. Well, said he, I never was lost in my life, and to try it anyhow, said I, I left country to the end of the road, and I have no idea I should be lost. I was then and there, said he, I thought I would make a point to be there and have a good time. I was then and there, said he, I thought I would make a point to be there and have a good time. I was then and there, said he, I thought I would make a point to be there and have a good time

TELEGRAPHIC

Whig & Courier.

NEWS FROM THE SOUTH.

WASHINGTON, June 17.

The Secretary of the Interior is prepared to pay the outstanding debt of the Sac and Fox Indians of Mississippi with the certificates issued by the Indian Bureau. The certificates should be presented for payment prior to 1st of August next, as after that date no interest will be allowed on them. They should be transmitted through the Indian office and applications for payment must in every case give the post office address of the claimant.

The following notice has been addressed to the officers of all National banks by the Comptroller of the Currency—

Treasury Department, office of Comptroller of Currency, June 17th, 1869.

In accordance with the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "An act regulating the reports of the National banking associations, approved March 3d, 1869," you are hereby notified and required to forward immediately to this office, on the latest of the blanks furnished for that purpose, a report of the condition of your bank as shown by its books at the close of business on the 12th of June, 1869.

Intelligence received here by the friends of Cuba represent that the fight at Puerto del Padre was of more importance than was at first reported. The effect of the defeat of the Spanish troops was decisive, almost destroying the effectiveness of the Spanish forces in that portion of the Island. It opens up direct communication with the coast and enables the forces of the Cuban army to protect the landing of reinforcements from the United States.

The friends of Cuban independence here are very solicitous to hear from Gen. Jordan's command. It is known that for some days he has been in close proximity to a large Spanish force, and a collision was imminent at any time.

Generals Céspedes and Quesada are reported to be confident that they are masters of the situation; that the independence of Cuba is a certainty. Every expedition which has left the United States has successfully landed and joined Gen. Quesada's army, and now compose a formidable and effective force, which is a terror to the government troops. In every collision they (the revolutionists) are the victors.

The Secretary of War is arranging for the reduction of the clerical force in his Department to the number authorized by law. This will necessitate the discharge of about 100 clerks. All enlisted men whose services can be dispensed with will be honorably discharged from the service, and not assigned to any regiment, although the Department has a right to do so. An order designating the number in each branch, to be dismissed, will be issued on Saturday or Monday next.

Several prominent friends of the Cuban cause, alarmed at the recent arrests in New York, left Washington to-night.

National Peace Jubilee.

BOSTON, June 17.

The Coliseum, for which our period for the opening concert, was crowded, and the management compelled to close the doors.

The programme was composed mainly of patriotic and popular airs. Europa Rossa came near making an riot from Robinson refusing to [illegible]

The anvil chorus was given, and the original triumphal chorus on American national airs, from Raine Hall Columbia, composed by Chevalier of Brooklyn, were performed, the latter [illegible] most enthusiastic plaudits.

The grand military march, performed by 1000 instruments, was finely given.

The Star Spangled Banner, sung by Parepa with full [illegible] repeated in response to the encore [illegible]

M. Arbuckle's solo on the trumpet was applauded.

The performances closed with the singing of Old Hundred, by the whole chorus accompanied by all the instruments and artillery, the audience joining.

No disorders nor fatalities to-day are yet reported.

It is estimated that 50,000 people were in close proximity outside of the building unable to gain admission.

The ball to-night was a successful and brilliant affair. Over 10,000 persons were present, comprising the elite of Boston and New England, together with distinguished personages in the city.

The Coliseum under gas light presents a most brilliant and gorgeous appearance, over 50,000 gas lights being ablaze to illuminate the interior.

The word "Peace," in mammoth letters in gas work, is at the north end of the building.

The orchestra comprises 500 musicians, exclusive of 100 members of the Band under Dodworth.

The ball broke up about 1 o'clock.

From Havana.

NEW YORK, June 17.

The Herald received the following special from Havana—

HAVANA, June 15, via Key West, June 17.

General Quesada's report of the battles of May 16th, has been received. It states that there were two engagements on that day. They took place on the road between Puerto Del Padre and Los Tunas, and resulted in a victory for the patriots. The Cuban loss is reported at 25.

Advices from Neuvitas are to the 11th inst. General Fessor returned on the 8th inst., having assisted in escorting a convoy supply to Los Tunas.

A desperate fight took place at Baiboa. The Spanish artillery compelled the insurgents to retire, but they fell back in good order and continued to harrass the escort until it reached the vicinity of Los Tunas. On their return the Spanish troops were not molested. They arrived at Nuevitas with 10 cases of cholera and 7 soldiers had since died of the disease.

A commission of volunteers was about to leave Neuvitas for Havana, to procure the removal of General Letona.

The Spanish officers in that quarter are disheartened by their inglorious work, but continue to make exaggerated reports of their operations against the Cubans.

Letters from Santiago de Cuba dated the 8th, report that two expeditions of filibusters had landed at or near Guashalimo, and another near Baracoa. The first expedition is said to have been annihilated by Spanish troops, who captured its entire equipment; but the truth is that a small party sent out by the filibusters to communicate with the revolutionists in the interior, was cut off, and the rest of the expedition, was in a precarious condition, though they had so far succeeded in escaping capture. It is rumored that the soldiers had murdered General Bucita.

The Remains of Julius Brutus Booth Disinterred.

The remains of Julius Brutus Booth were removed this morning from Baltimore Cemetery where they were buried some years ago, and reinterred in the Green Mount Cemetery. The fine monument of Mount has also been removed and will be placed over his grave. It is proposed to bring the dead children buried in Hartford County and with the remains of John Wilkes Booth, place them side by side in the Green Mount Cemetery. The members of the family will be present and the body of Wilkes Booth will be buried the latter part of next week.

Mexican Matters.

HAVANA, June 17.

Steamship France, from Vera Cruz, has arrived, bringing dates of the 12th instant from the City of Mexico.

The citizens of the United States in the Capital gave a dinner on the 5th instant to Minister Boscorando.

A Mexican journal calls Mr. Nelson, the new American Minister, a ferocious man, sent by President Grant, to create trouble in the country.

The Prefect of Acapulco had been killed by an assassin.

The revolution in Queretaro continued and appeared to gain strength. The Government had dispatched 1500 additional troops to that State for the defense of the legally constituted Governor. The people and State troops support the late Governor, who was deposed by the State authorities.

Sonora had expelled the Federal officials and shipped them to Mazatlan.

Gen. Grango had pronounced against the National Government in San Luis Potosi.

Gen. Fernandez Ortega, the candidate of the party in opposition to the Juarez Administration, was elected Governor of Puebla.

Negrete was at Talica, organizing troops against the Government.

A revolution is reported in the State of Zacatecas.

Arrests for the Violation of the Neutrality Laws.

NEW YORK, June 17.

Yesterday the U. S. Grand Jury found bills of indictment against Jose Morales Lemus and Messrs Bossore, Mora, Fesser, Alvarez and Col. Ryan, for fitting out a military expedition, which left here about the 1st of May for Cuba, in violation of the neutrality laws.

Bail was given by Hon. Dwight Townsend, Ex-Congressman, and the parties were set at liberty.

New York Items

NEW YORK, June 17.

Vice President Colfax is in town.

Ex-Gov Curtin sailed to-day on the Dacian, and not yesterday as reported.

President Grant arrived here to-night, and proceeded quietly to the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. Corbin.

Marine Disaster.

NEW YORK, June 17.

The British bark Mary A Troop was run down and sunk by the steamship Pennsylvania, 200 miles east of Sandy Hook, on the 15th inst. The mate and three of the crew were saved. The captain and remainder of the crew are reported lost.

From St Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 17.

Special dispatches from Omaha say that several companies of cavalry are scouting the country in search of the Indians.

Six companies of troops have arrived from California this week and have been distributed along the Union Pacific Railroad.

The Congressional Ways and Means Committee, consisting of Messrs. Maynard, Brooks, Allison, Kelly, McCarthy, Blair, Hooper, Marshall and Moorehead, with their Secretary and Reporter, started in a special train West from Omaha, this morning. They will travel only in the day time and expect to reach the Pacific coast in about ten days.

Fire.

HALIFAX, Canada, June 17.

McCormack's grist mill, containing a considerable quantity of flour and grain, was destroyed by fire this afternoon. Loss $20,000.

CABLE NEWS

Madrid, June 17. Great public meetings have been held by the Republicans in Valladolid and Seville to protest against the presence in Spain of the Duke of Montpensier.

In the Cortes today Gen. Prim declared all the military officers who refused to take the oath to obey the new Constitution would have their names stricken from the roll of the army.

Senor Sagasta, Minister of the Interior, said that now that the constitution and a regency had been adopted, the shouting of Republican cries in the streets would be [illegible] and would be [illegible]

[illegible] the oath of [illegible] Friday [illegible] on the occasion.

Money Affairs.

NEW YORK, June 17.

[illegible] Before three [illegible] per cent. [illegible] Treasury for payment [illegible] Price bills at [illegible] were 146 [illegible] $82,700,000 [illegible] were follows [illegible]

Southern securities were dull and heavy this afternoon.

Increased ease in money in the close did not have favorable effect upon the stock market and there was a general decline in prices—in fact the lowest quotations of the day were made.

Pacific Mail Steamship Company, 77¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 40¼; Pacific Water Power Company, 165; Cumberland Coal Company, 36; Hudson River Railroad Company, 160¾; New York Central Railroad Company, 160¾; Erie Railroad Company, 20¼; preferred do. 40¼; Hudson River Railroad Company, 156¾; Reading Railroad Company, 97¾; Ohio & Mississippi Railroad Company, 30; Pacific Railroad Company, 115; do preferred, 120; Michigan Central Railroad Company, 137; Michigan Southern Railroad Company, 116¾; Illinois Central Railroad Company, 143; Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad Company, 93; Chicago & Rock Island Railroad Company, 108¼; Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company, 81¾; preferred do, 86¾; Chicago & Fort Wayne Railroad Company, 152¾; Hartford & Erie Railroad Company, 24¼; Mariposa Mining Company, 25; do preferred, 40; Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company, 102¾; do, preferred, 80.

Balances in the sub-Treasury to-day aggregated to $83,770,000.

Market.

NEW YORK, June 17.

Cotton firmer—sales 4600 bales—middling uplands at 32¾.

Flour—sales 15,200 bbls—State and Western firmer for shipping grades with good export demand—all others dull, steady—Superfine Ferce State 6 [illegible] 6.20 super to choice Western, [illegible] Southern firmer—common to choice, [illegible]

California is quiet at 6.25@9.00.

Wheat is better—sales 210,000 bushels—Spring No. 2 140; No 1 [illegible] @ 1.45; White California [illegible]

Corn dull and heavy and 1 a 2 cents lower—sales 49,000 bushels—new mixed western at [illegible] canal, 84 @ 86—via railroad, high mixed western [illegible] @93.

Oats active and firm—sales 63,000 bush—Western 70½@72 afloat.

Beef unchanged—sales 150 bbls—new plain mess 8.00 @10 [illegible] new extra do 12.00 @18.00.

Pork is firmer—sales 1850 bbls—new mess [illegible] 31.00 @31 [illegible] old do, 32.37½ @ 32.75; prime do, 27.00 @28.50.

Lard is quiet and firm — sales 700 tierces at 19 @20.

Rice dull.

Sugar is quiet—sales 300 hhds — Muscovado at 11 @12¼ cents.

Molasses quiet.

Tallow steady at 9 7/16 @ 12¾.

Freights to Liverpool, are firmer—Flour per steamer, 1s 6d. Wheat per sail, 6d; per steamer 7d.

CHICAGO, June 17. Flour firm—spring extras at 4.70 @ 5.00.

Wheat is firmer—sales 118.

Corn is active — Sales No. 2 at 62½ — No. 1 at 64@64¼.

Rye quiet, firm and higher—sales of No 1 at [illegible] York 33.25.

THE SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. The Society of Friends has been reported to be dying out, but according to their official statement this does not appear to be the case. At the just ending yearly meeting of the Orthodox body in New York it was reported that their numbers had increased about 1,500 during the past year, and there are signs of vigorous activity and vigor in the body which give promise of a long life-tenure. The interest taken in Sunday schools is a good evidence of this, as well as the decline of exclusiveness, as shown by a resolution at the late yearly meetings of the society, that the business meetings of the society should not be restricted to members alone, but that any persons interested in their proceedings might attend.

There are twelve independent yearly meetings of Friends, that of London, where the records are preserved from the year 1672, being the oldest. The number of members in England is 13,816, while there is an attendance of, and members to the number of 3,859. There is one yearly meeting in Ireland, one in Canada, and nine in the United States, viz: New England, New York, Philadelphia, North Carolina, Ohio, Indiana, Western Indiana and Iowa. The increase of membership has been rapid of late years in the South and West, and now settlements of Friends are forming in Kansas and Missouri. The total membership is estimated at about 82,000. First-Day schools have been largely established in the West. In the State of Indiana alone there are 178 such schools, with 7,161 teachers and 13,123 pupils. In North Carolina a Sunday Normal school has been established.

The Friends have three colleges in this country, viz: Haverford College, in Pennsylvania; Earlham College, in Richmond, Ind., and Whittier College, at Salem, in Iowa.

LOCAL AND MARITIME.

Supreme Judicial Court—Law Term.

Thursday, June 17, 1869.

Patrick Bradley vs Abel M Wilson. Action. Argued by J A Peters, Esq., for plaintiff and A W Paine, Esq., for defendant.

Two actions—one by Joseph Russell Hart against Dennis Carroll, and the other by Daniel Lovell vs the same. Hart's case argued by A G Wakefield, Esq., for Lovell, and J. A. Peters, Esq., for Hart.

A. L. Simpson in equity vs Daniel Warren et al. Argued by A. A. Peters, Esq., for defendants and A. L. Simpson Esq., for plaintiff.

Thomas Clinton, in error vs Albert Holton. On exceptions and motion by defendant. Was argued by A. W. Paine, Esq., for defendant and A. L. Simpson, Esq., for plaintiff.

Andrew J. Coombs vs Matthew Dunham. On report and motion by defendant. Was argued and argued by Wm H McCrillis, Esq., for defendant and J. A. Peters, Esq., for plaintiff.

Delegates to the Republican State Convention.

The Republican [illegible] city met in their several Wards last evening, and elected twenty-eight delegates to the State Convention to be held on the 24th inst., as follows:

Ward 1—Joseph Bartlett, John S. Kimball, Henry Rollins, George Varney.
Ward 1—Chas Hayward, S C Hatch, J T Thorn, Ed E Small.
Ward 3—E Farnham, F M Sabine, Dwight White, Frank Hight.
Ward 4—S H Blake, Henry A Head, R S Morison, John S Chadwick.
Ward 5—John L Crosby, Chas F Stetson, Whiting S. Clark, Sidney Thaxter.
Ward 6—J Morse, B. N Thomas, J F Godfrey, H M Prentiss.
Ward 7—M Schwartz, W P Wingate, J S Patten, W Phillips.

The ward delegates subsequently met at the Council Room and chose A L Simpson delegate at large.

Of the twenty-nine delegates, twenty-four are in favor of the renomination of Gov. Chamberlain, and five are understood to be opposed.

The following resolution was passed at the caucus in Ward Five:

Resolved, That the delegates chosen by the Republican caucus in Ward Five this Thursday evening be, and they hereby are, instructed to use all honorable means to secure the nomination of Gen. Joshua L. Chamberlain, by the approaching State Convention, as the Republican candidate for Governor for the next official year.

At the Encampment of Post 12 G A R, held on Tuesday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

D. Carroll, P. C.
Jasper Hutchings, S. V. P. C.
Geo Fenno, J. V. P. C.
J. B. Williams, Adjt.
J. P. Foster, Qr. Master.
S. H. Morrison, Surgeon.
J. K. Lincoln, Chaplain.
D. H. Lovell, Sergt. Major.
J. A. Small, Qr. M. Sergt.

OUR DEBT CONCERNS. The Bank gave last week the first of a series of out of door concerts, one of which they propose to give weekly during the summer. Mr. Small of the Band, will call upon our citizens for a little contribution to help the Band pay the salaries of their leaders, to being more than they can afford to do themselves, besides devoting their time to the practice requisite to bring the Band up to the high standard which it has attained. We trust that our citizens will lend a liberal helping hand to them.

[illegible] The Hugh de Payens Encampment of Knights Templars, of Milford, under command of M. E. Commander F. J. Foss, and accompanied by Gilmore's Band, will leave on a pleasure excursion next Monday to Portland Augusta, Bangor, and intermediate places.

—The cleanest and the meanest man in the State has long been a modest point, but Portland bears off the palm. She has a citizen who charges a three dollars to every person who takes water from a well on a street for which he pays.

OPERA BOYS AND GIRLS for June 26th contain the story "On Time" by Oliver Optic; The Ball and the Dutch Regiment; The Fred and the Waves; Dialogues, Poetry and many other attractions. The matter is well illustrated, and the magazine holds its reputation for the interests of its clientele. Lee & Shepard of Boston, publish it, and it is for sale by all Booksellers.

THE OVERLAND MAGAZINE for July comes with a midsummer table of contents. Stories, sketches and cream somebody has called the Globe, and equally appetizing dishes are found displayed within. "Young Shooting" will be the first course taken by many youngsters; "A Tale of the Sunset Sea," a poem by Mrs. Bishop. Mr. Stockton gives us with further adventures of the "Story of Arc" is concluded; Mr. Benjamin in "How a Sail Boat is built and rigged"; "Papa's Story" containing more of the valuable pictures by children; Nellie Eyster describes an historic block-house on Lake Erie; Hans Anderson sings in with his at at, fresh story, and the number makes a fine show with its two dozen pictures large and small. Published by Hurd and Houghton, New York. $2.00 a year.

MECHANICS' EXHIBITION. The Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association announce in this paper another of their popular Exhibitions of American Manufactures and Mechanic Skill, commencing in Boston Sept 13th.

Manufacturers, Inventors, and Mechanics are especially interested.

The Congregationalist, County Conference at East Machias, was attended by nearly all of the Clergymen of that denomination, delegates from most of the churches and persons from the various towns in the County. The weather was pleasant, the meetings interesting and the visitors were freely entertained by good friends at East Machias, to say the Union.

The Machias Union says the Lewiston called at Bar Harbor on trip the latter part of May, and a person standing on deck said he could see work in progress on nineteen different jobs and buildings. So it seems some one must be faulty in regard to the number of buildings in progress, and there must have been some foundation for the original statement that forty houses were being erected.

Senator Edmunds of Vermont on his way to the St Croix river to spend the act of angling.

—The Bath Times says the aggregate of shipping to be built in that city the present year will exceed 15,000 tonnage.

—Nathaniel Blaisdell of Bath, who lived in a room by himself, was found dead in his room, Monday, says the Bath Times. Appearances indicated that he had been dead at least two days. Early Friday night he told the watchman from his window that he did not feel well, but did not ask for anything, and nothing more is known of his death or the cause of it.

Baptist State Convention.

OLDTOWN, June 16.

A prayer meeting, largely attended and of very marked interest, was enjoyed at 8 o'clock a. m. Many were moved to make requests and to pray earnestly for the conversion of their children. It was a season which betokened good. Another prayer and conference meeting was enjoyed at 9 o'clock.

TOWNSHOW.

Convention met at ten. The report of the committee on the state of religion in the Associations, showed a large number of conversions during the year, and indicated material prosperity on the part of the churches. The report was followed by remarks from Rev. Mr. Chase of Bangor. The report on temperance declared intemperance to be one of the greatest obstacles to the spread of the gospel—regarded the use of intoxicating drinks as by no means confined to persons outside of the churches—condemned the use of domestic beverages as no less injurious than the strange beverages—affirmed that there was no middle ground in the cause and urged indiscriminate war on every kind of intoxicating drinks—called on the ministry to engage in an aggressive work in favor of total abstinence and urged the duty of all Christian men to aid in the cause by prayer and action.

Remarks were made upon the report by Revs. Ripley of Bethel, Dutton of Oldtown and several others.

The report of the committee on Foreign Missions was followed by remarks upon the subject from Revs. H. Harwood of Bangor, Richardson of Buxton, Boothby of Lewiston, Small of Portland, and Mr. C. P. Hallaway of Waterville. A collection was then taken for this object, amounting to $51.

The report on Publications urged the importance of sustaining a denominational literature, recommended the Zion's Advocate, Macedonian and Record, Baptist Quarterly and the book of the American Baptist Publication Society, located at Philadelphia, and favored the work of colporting.

AFTERNOON.

A report was made on Home Missions recommending co-operation with the Society located at New York. Remarks were made upon the subject by Rev. Mr. Hart of Yarmouth.

The Corresponding Secretary of the Missionary Convention for the pastorate, Rev. M. Leland of Warren, then read his annual report which was followed by the Treasurer's report. The work of the Convention was then fully before the meeting and interesting and encouraging remarks were made by Revs. Leland, Walton, Shailor, Rickor, Sargent, Butler, Richardson and Messrs. Hathaway and White.

EVENING.

The Education Society held its session. Rev. A. Wilson D D of Waterville was re-elected President, Rev. C. M. Emery of Thomaston was chosen Secretary, and Prof. M Lyford of Waterville, Treasurer. The sermon was preached by Rev. W. O Holman. Rev. Mr Hazlewood conducting the devotional exercises.

Mr Holman's text was Matt 15.32—"Truly this man was the son of God."

The grounds on which the Centurion based his assertion. It was impressed upon his mind.

1. By Christ's own claims.
2. By the conversation between the Saviour and the penitent thief.
3. By his prayer for his enemies.
4. By the remarkable events accompanying his death.

The preacher then spoke of the divinity of Christ as a necessity in the gospel scheme, and urged that to preach Christ as the Son of God was the work of the Ministry. He then spoke of the qualifications of a State and of the qualifications of a colporteur, and made an impressive effort to induce young men to prepare for the work.

Remarks were then made by Rev. T. T. Champlin D. D. President of the Society, and others.

The music throughout was well rendered, harmonious, and characterized by a spirit of quality and prayerfulness.

During the last session of Convention votes of thanks were passed to the several steamboat and railroad companies of the State for no concession by reducing their fare for the accommodation of delegates, to the singers, Oldtown for their heart-stirring songs, and especially to the Baptist Church and society of the place for the cordial welcome and general hospitality, which conducted so much to the pleasure of those attending the meeting.

—The Portland Argus says that officer Wyman, Tuesday morning arrested Edwin Sargent and Cyrus Brown, charged for an assault, in which they severely beat G. H. Leighton, in Black trap, Monday night.

—The Press says that the North Star Base Ball Club of Portland, played a match game with the Dirigo Club of Falmouth, on Saturday last, which resulted in favor of the Dirigo, the score being [illegible]

—NINE GONE. The Machias Union says Sewell S Quinby, at Wesley, has caught nine bears within the last four weeks. He traps them. Seven were caught in one two were cubs. He caught the cub in a trap. The mother of the cub he saw in a cut with the bar, the cub ran and [illegible] Quinby, till he caught the cub in his hand.

Geo. Pennell of Buxton, son of the late Thos. Pennell, of Portland, while engaged in grooming a horse, Monday, was either kicked or thrown down and stepped upon, receiving a bad contusion in the side of his head, nearly cutting off one ear. He was in a stupid condition, and has remained so since. It is thought the wound will prove fatal, says the Press.

—Five distinct views of Katahdin may still be counted from Bear Mountain from the village at Bethel Hill, this the 11th of June. Though exposed to the glare of the sun, they slowly give way to its influence. Blossoms may also still be seen on some apple-trees, says the correspondent of the Lewiston Journal.

A BIG RAFT. The Aroostook Pioneer says merchants upon the upper St. John have a cheap way of getting their shingles to Fredericton. As the logs are coming down in advance of the river drivers, enough are caught to form a raft, which is then loaded with as many shingles as it will carry. A few days ago, Mr. Eaton of St. Lucas sent down a raft containing 100,000 cedar shingles. When they arrive at Grand Falls, they are taken off and hauled with horses to the basin below, reloaded and sent along.

THE HOULTON BRANCH R. R. We see by the Carleton Sentinel that work on the Houlton Branch Railway was commenced last week. This assures the subsidy from the Canadian Government. Until Mr. Osborn's return from England, we are told, there will be but little work on this line, at which time, however, it is intended to push it forward to completion, with all possible speed. Calais, at the railroad meeting on Friday last, voted by a large majority, to appropriate the sum of $15,000 in aid of the enterprise, thereby showing that she appreciates the benefits to be derived from railroad communication with Aroostook.

A MAN WITH A HEART. The benevolence and activity with which the Hon. George S. Boutwell interested himself in the care of the wounded at the recent railway accident at Annapolis Junction is the theme of commendation in all parts of the country. There is probably no man, whose mind is now more absorbed by grave cares than the Secretary of the Treasury; and yet in that moment of disaster and suffering, he thought more of others than of himself. The success of Mr. Boutwell in managing the national finances has raised him greatly in the estimation of the people; but this trait of human feeling exhibited on such an occasion show that his heart is alive in the right place, and he is appreciated accordingly.—[N. Y. Sun.

—Victor Hugo says: "All existence resembles a which the postscript modifies."

Belfast and Moosehead Lake Rail Road,

Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders in the "Belfast and Moosehead Lake Rail Road Company," that the Annual Meeting will be held at the Court House in Belfast, on the forenoon, to act upon the following matters, viz:

1st—To hear the Reports of the Treasurer and Directors.

2d—To elect 13 Directors for the ensuing year.

3d—To make such alterations in the By-Laws of the Corporation as may be duly come before the meeting.

4th—To act upon any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

By order of Directors.

JOHN H. QUIMBY, Clerk.

Belfast, June 5th, 1869. jun 8 Td&w

FARM and STORE FOR SALE,

IN HOLDEN, near the Meeting House, six miles from Bangor, containing 100 acres, good buildings, good orchard, &c. Farm contains thirteen acres of land, cut from forty acres of wood. Price $1600. Enquire of WENTH ANDREWS, Bangor, J. P. ROBINSON, Holden, or on the premises.

may 27 Td JOHN P. ROBINSON.

WANTED,

EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines. Apply at No. 27 West Market Square.

Bangor, May 31, 1869. GROSVENOR, PRENTISS.

Gent's CALF BOOTS.

Gent's Congress & Common Opera Boots.

LADIES' & MISSES' SERGE FOXED BUTTON BOOTS.

ARNOLD & SAWYERS

June 11 [illegible] Market Square.

WHY

The Place to get your BEDS dressed IS OVER BRIDGE'S STORE, ON MAIN STREET,

WHERE they do all the cart and wait on the ladies, and return them, without charge, if not warranted to make the feather beds good as new. All you have to do is to come with your feathers, and be satisfied.

Remember their place, and also that they sell Feathers, Down, and delivered without extra charge to any part of the city.

Price for bed, sofa or easy chair, $3.00.

CHARLES H. EASTMAN, Agent.

No. 3 Main Street, over Patterson's Store. Bangor, June 5th, 1869.

ANY DOG

Caught in the City within the time limited by the City Marshal, will be killed by the 10th of June, unless the owner shall pay the tax and take the dog away.

G. A. BOLTON, City Marshal.

City Marshal's Office, May 28, 1869.

Boarding.

The subscriber informs the Bangor public, she rents the Bangor House, for the ensuing year.

may 22 Td ISAAC DAVIS, JR.

Stamped Aprons & Yokes,

[illegible] BOSTON BUTTON STORE, 28 Central Street.

June 10

O I C

WHY DO MANY GO TO

C. C. JONES',

Because they find the largest stock of new and useful

PATENTED INVENTIONS

Ever brought to this city, and offer the great inducements to the Trade and Travelling Agents both male and female. Call at Headquarters

No. 14 Main Street, Bangor,

AND STOP AND LOOK AT THE

Combination Lock Hammer, Screw Driver, Rule, &c.

Also the Rubber Back and Side Comb, Pocket Knife Blade, Well, Combination Fish Hook, Corkscrew, Button Hole, Ear Scoop, Nail Cutter, Screw Driver, Hemp Dupes, Mop Sticks, Butter Spring Beds, &c., &c.

Town, County, State and U. S. Rights for Sale.

Call on the whole, also or retail—by the single set, or in three quarter lots, or county, old or agent will return in good order, and have new ones for other goods. All goods from this place, and agent's Lady Waple.

Call at 14 Main Street, for One Week.

C. C. JONES.

P. O. address 70 Congress St. Portland, Me.

Bangor, February 26, 1869. [illegible]

FOR

THE Best Assortment of French and English PERFUMERY, at HARLOW'S.

[illegible] Block.

FOR

SUPERIOR Hair Tooth, Nail, Hair and Shoe Brushes, at HARLOW'S.

BATH TOWELS,

FINE BRUSHES, in the Rubber Sponge, Pure Sponge, Lion Toilet Soap, all sorts, Dressing Combs, at HARLOW'S.

4 Smith Block.

THE

CHOICEST, in 4 Instant and Delicious Toilet Powders, at HARLOW'S.

4 Smith Block.

REAL

BAY RUM, French and German Cologne Water, Rose Water, Orange Flower Water, Lavender Water, &c., at HARLOW'S.

4 Smith Block.

FOR THE HAIR.

LIME JUICE AND GLYCERINE—the latest Lock Invigorator, at HARLOW'S.

4 Smith Block.

For the Teeth.

TOOTH POWDERS, TOOTH SOAPS, TOOTH PASTES, TOOTH PICKS, TOOTH BRUSHES, and superior TOOTH ACHE DROPS, at HARLOW'S.

4 Smith Block.

DRINKING CUPS, for Travellers.
POCKET FLASKS, for Travellers.
DRESSING CASES, for Travellers.
MATCH BOXES, for travellers.
CHAMP LIGHTS, for travellers.
FRAGRANT COLOGNES, for travellers, at HARLOW'S, 4 Smith Block.

may 22 Now a

DEVILANDS PAINTING, "HOMEWARD," may 12 May be seen at BARTLETT'S.

INITIAL STATIONERY, in boxes, may 12 at BARTLETT'S.

Salem Lead Company,

SALEM, MASS.

THIS Company have erected new works, and introduced entirely new and improved machinery, whereby they manufacture

Pure White Lead

Of superior quality, and grind it to an extreme degree of fineness, which gives color and body to it superior to all other Lead in use, and warranted strictly pure. The manufacturer, Mr. H. G. Batchelder, has had twenty-five years experience in the business in this city, and in New York, and the Lead manufactured under his supervision has always stood the highest where it was best known. The Lead sold by this Company last year gave universal satisfaction, and the demand for it this season proves conclusively that it is appreciated.

This Company also manufacture other qualities of Lead, which will be warranted equal, if not superior, to any other Lead in the market, at the prices at which they are sold.

They also manufacture LEAD PIPE of superior quality.

In all cases their prices are as low as those of any other manufacturers in goods of equal quality.

FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer.

Office P. O. Building, Salem, Mass.

For sale in Bangor by

B. F. Bradbury.

6 & 8 Smith's Block, & 5 Central St.

apr 2 eod&w3m

Joseph F. Snow,

—AT—

32 Main Street,

IS OPENING

NEW BLACK SILKS,

POPLINS,

MOHAIRS,

ALPACAS,

Organdie Muslins,

AND A FULL LINE OF

DRESS GOODS,

SHAWLS,

WHITE GOODS,

LINENS,

DOMESTICS,

GLOVES,

PARASOLS,

HOSIERY, &c.,

Which he is Selling Very Cheap.

32 MAIN STREET.

Bangor, June 12th, 1869.

TIMBER LAND

At Auction

WILL be offered for sale at Auction, SATURDAY, the 26th day of July, at 2½ o'clock P. M., at the Penobscot Exchange, Bangor, the following described tracts of timber land, viz:

An undivided fourth part of Township No. 1, Range 7, W. L. S., containing 23,040 acres.

North East quarter Township 4, R. 3, W. L. S., being on the Branch of the Grand Lake Stream, containing 23,040 acres.

North half of Township 4, R. 3, W. L. S., being on the branch of Grand Lake Stream, containing 23,040 acres.

One third of about 14 on the East side in Township 3, R. 10, being on Baker Branch.

One half of Township 3, R. 9, being the land for a road the South East portion of Township 3, R. 9, W. L. S., being on West Branch of Mattawamkeag.

—$1.50—

All the Spruce, Pine, Cedar, Juniper and Ash timber on Township 4, R. 3, W. L. S., Bingham Kennebec purchase, Township 3, R. 9, W. L. S., Township 3, R. 10, W. L. S., with the right to cut the same the next eight years, or to September 1st, 1877. Good durable stream running through the tract. One of the most valuable timber tracts in that vicinity.

Nearly all the above tracts have been selected with much care, and upon them a large amount of valuable timber.

For further information and for plans of the same, enquire of the undersigned, or of J. B. FOSTER, the Auctioneer, who will also make known the terms of sale.

Bath, June 10th, 1869.

CHARLES H. DOE.

DO U KNOW

THAT IF YOU WANT TO BUY

Furniture

CHEAP, CALL AT THE

New Furniture Store?

R. G. TEBBETS

June 21 51 Exchange Street, Bangor, Me.

WALLETS

OF ALL KINDS,

AT THE

BOSTON BUTTON STORE.

June 10 28 Central Street.

Monday, June 7th.

WE SHALL OFFER ALL OUR

FANCY GOODS,

—AT—

Marked Down Prices,

FROM THIS DATE.

J. H. STONE & CO.

No. 3 MAIN STREET.

Under the Hatch House

Bangor, June 7, 1869.

Stereoscopic Views

OF BANGOR AND VICINITY. Also a large assortment of NEW YORK STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, at Bartlett's.

June 7.

There's Music in the Wind!

SALMON

RUNNING UP,

And Prices Running Down!

Continued up in the New York market, and

at Low's Market.

June 14th, 1869.

Ladies' and Gent's Real

KID GLOVES

For $1.50,

—AT THE—

BOSTON BUTTON STORE

June 10 28 CENTRAL STREET.

Buttons! Buttons! Buttons!

CHEAP!—CHEAP!—CHEAP!

—AT THE—

Boston Button Store,

June 10 28 Central Street.

CARDENAS

Muscovado and Clayed

Molasses!

75 HHDS, 30 TIERCES, 25 BBLS. Muscovado and Clayed Molasses, of the Long Mano brand, landing and for sale.

S. H. Dalo & Co.

May 28 1m

BUY YOUR

Hoop Skirts

—AT THE—

BOSTON BUTTON STORE.

June 10

Washing Books

FOR FAMILIES or SINGLE PARTIES,

june 7 at, Bartlett's.

YOU CAN SAVE

$50 to $100

BY BUYING YOUR

PIANO-FORTES

OF PATTEN & WHEELDEN,

CALL OR SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

New Mason Block, Main Street.

Bangor, June 7th, 1869.

SCOTCH ALE & LONDON PORTER.

may 28 at BRADBURY'S.

Epsom Salts,

SULPHUR, INDIGO, BRIMSTONE, BLUE VITRIOL, AND POTASH

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—AT—

HARLOW'S DRUG STORE,

4 SMITH BLOCK.

Patent Medicines,

ALL KINDS.

Pills, Syrups,	Plasters,
Lotions,	Cataplasms,
Liniments,	Ointments,
Lozenges,	Rat Poisons,
Bitters,	Insect Poisons,
Cough Mixtures,	Liver Invigorators,

And all the rest of the List,

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

4 Smith Block. N. S. HARLOW.

THE REAL GOOD TONIC!

THAT IS NOT A HUMBUG,
THAT IS GOOD FOR DYSPEPTICS
AND FOR WEAK STOMACHS,
AND FOR WEAK APPETITES,
AND FOR WEAK LIVERS,

IS DALLEY'S

COMPOUND BARK BITTERS,

AND MAY BE FOUND AT

N. S. HARLOW'S DRUG STORE,

may 27 Staw 4 SMITH BLOCK.

STANFORD & WHITNEY

are now opening an elegant line of

SHAWLS,

OF ALL KINDS,

CASHMERE LONG & SQUARE,
WHITE SEWING SILK,
WHITE LAMB,
WHITE CRAPE & BERAGE,
ALSO, EVERYTHING IN

Square Woolen Shawls,

From $2.50 to $5.00!

CALL AND EXAMINE THEM.

STANFORD & WHITNEY.

may 31 dtr 15 WEST MARKET SQUARE.

Dress Goods, Dress Goods!

SELLING CHEAP!

SELLING CHEAP!

at S. B. STONE, Jr., & CO'S.

Hoop Skirts and Corsets.

New Lot at Low Prices!

S. B. STONE, Jr., & CO'S.

BLACK SILKS,

HANDKERCHIEFS,
SHAWLS, PARASOLS,
GLOVES, HOSIERY,

Remnants of Delaines and Prints,

ALL AT LOW RATES!

S. B. Stone, Jr., & Co.

Bangor, June 5th, 1869.

SWEELLAND'S

PATENT ROTARY SHELF

REFRIGERATOR.

The Only

Perfectly Ventilated

REFRIGERATOR

EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC

Any Lady of Note may be seen at the Refrigerator without leaving their place of Business. By its Perfect Ventilation no Odor can be discovered.

All orders promptly attended to.

D. WHITE.

June 11

NEW STOCK WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, Silver Ware, Spectacles, Clocks, Pipes, SEWING MACHINES REPAIRED.

All sorts of Repairing and Engraving done to order.

D. WHITE

June 11. No. 2 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE, Bangor, Maine.

FANCY GOODS

IN GREAT VARIETY,

AND VERY CHEAP,

AT THE

BOSTON BUTTON STORE.

28 Central Street.

Bangor, June 10, 1869.

The Place

TO BUY YOUR

SILK GARMENTS,

—AT—

**Westg

Whig & Courier

What the Engine said.

[From the Overland Monthly.]

The Overland for June, crosses the continent on the completed Pacific Railroad. As there are few persons who have been told before that it is the "greatest work of the age," they will, perhaps, overlook the recondite connection here of much of the popular rhetoric in regard to "indissoluble ties" "bonding of the East to the West" etc. But some who remember to have read that "the locomotive moved up until their pilots rubbed together, symbolic of the friendly salute of their respective owners," did not perhaps hear

WHAT THE ENGINES SAID.

What was it the Engines said,
Pilots touching—head to head
Resting on the single track,
Hills a world behind each back?
This is what the Engines said,
Unreported and unread!

With a prefatory screech,
In a florid Western speech,
And the Editor from the West,
Fam from Sierra's crest;
And if falsifiers do a test,
Why, I reckon, I'll be pressed,
That I've done my level best.

Said the Engine from the East;
"They who work feel like the least
Spose you whistle down your brakes!
What you've got is a great snake,
Pretty fair—but let me tell
You a different kind of yarn,
Let these folks, with champagne stuffing,
Not their Engines, do the puffing.

Listen! Where Atlantic beats
Shores of snow and summer heats;
Where the Indian autumn skies
Paint the woods with autumn dyes;
I have climbed the fiery sun,
Seeing all he looked upon—
Blessing all that he blest—
Nursing in my iron breast
All his vivifying throes!
All his clouds about my crest
And before my flying feet,
Every shadow must retreat.

Said the Western Engine, "Phew!"
And a funk low whistle blew,
Come now, really that's the odest
Talk for one so modest!
And brag objective I! You do?
Why, I bring the East to you!
All the Orient—all Cathay—
And throughout the shortest way.
And the sun you follow here,
Rises in my boiler-pipe,
Health—stone most durable—
Length, my hope, and strength, my
Said the Union: "Don't be rash,
I'll run over you, Mr. Smash,"
Said the Central: "I'm Pacific,
But when riled I'm quite terrific,
Yet to-day, we shall be quarrel
Just to show these folks the moral
How two Engines in their vision—
Once have met without collision.

That is what the Engines said,
Unreported and unread
Spoken silently through the nose,
With a whistle at the close.

An Uncommon Lover's Quarrel.

"My harp is all out of tune; the piano is discordant; the canaries pipe a shrill whistle instead of their soft notes; and it rains—and—"

"And what, child?" said the pleasant voice of Aunt Mary Denham, as she examined the countenance of her niece.

"And I wish I was dead, or had never been born—or something—I scarcely know what; and Maggie Meredith's beautiful lips were pouted, and a strange cloud of sullenness and dissatisfaction hung pettishly over the fresh young face.

"I dislike very much Maggie, to hear such remarks as these you have just uttered from any lips; much more, my dear, from yours. Life is not all sunshine and sweetness; but it remains with us, as God loving, God-fearing individuals, to be content with the part assigned to us, and live it out patiently."

"Oh, yes that is all very nice to talk about but suppose one wasn't given any patience to start with? Does a body possess a little root or slip of anything, why, and can't cultivate it, of course; but patience can't be manufactured.

Harvey is all the time lecturing me. It is necessary to find so much fault now, the probabilities are we shall never be happy; for I can not, and will not, endure so much budgering. I told him so last night, and gave him back our engagement ring; and Maggie held up her forefinger or dubious to "and told him never to come near me again. I vow I won't be everlastingly talked to; so there."

"You have trifled, Maggie, with one of the noblest men God ever made; thrown away the costliest pearl the world ever offered you. Maggie, I am astonished."

"Oh, mercy, if this isn't tedious! You talk, Auntie, like a crazy person. Do you imagine, for a moment, that I could, this everlasting humdrumming I am compelled to listen to, at home and abroad, from relatives, friends, and lovers? Do you suppose that I do not, from the bottom of my heart, deplore the fate that sent me into this breathing world, scarce made up, and that so lamely and unfashionable that dogs bark at me as I halt by them? Richard I suppose, was talking about the hump on his back; I refer to my mental and moral deformity. Everybody seems to feel at liberty to descant on my failings and right before my face and eyes too. I didn't tell Harvey to make love to me, he run after me two years before he got a chance to whisper a word of it. He has got impudence there is no mistake about that."

"What is the trouble between you and Harvey, my dear," inquired Auntie, endeavoring to calm herself, for Maggie was very dear to her. Ever since the death of her parents, some five years previous Aunt Mary had had the care of her niece. She was keenly alive to the faults of this girl, but believed that time experience, and the love of the really worthy man to whom Maggie was betrothed, would round off the rough edges of her character, and bring out, like gold from the refiner's fire, the traits of true nobility she knew she possessed.

"Like the majority of quarrels" replied Maggie, "it originated from just nothing. I said that I hated beggars, that's all."

"Why, Maggie, are you deranged?" said Auntie, who could with difficulty repress a smile. "You of all others to say such a thing!—you who keep the kitchen full with the objects of your charity. Could you tell such a falsehood?"

"Well, the other night, just as we were getting out of the carriage at Pike's—I was in a hurry, I knew the opera had commenced—a forlorn old beggar, his breath smelling of whiskey, stopped us. It was awful cold, and Harvey kept me standing a minute or two on the walk, while he fumbled in his pockets for money. Now the old vagabond to buy more rum with. I was vexed and cold; and if he has gone alone, and not kept asking questions, I should not have said the awful words I declared it would have altered the case—the man not been a drunkard. Harvey insisted that society was to blame for his habits; that he was a member still, would never turn his back upon a man who he saw was cold and hungry. He could not listen rumselling, but a starving drunkard was just as much an object of charity to him as a starving minister. Good girl, didn't his eyes snap though! He's too radical as I just too willing. I hate hated beggars, any way.

"And Mary could say nothing, of nothing. She saw that by a little injudious management on the part of the lover this grand idealist might have been averted, so, with a careless observation in regard to the weather, she withdrew. Several days passed, and not a word from Harvey. "Oh, dear, how lonely! that poor vacant finger looks!" said Maggie one day as she kissed it to herself. It had been there long enough to leave a ridge too. I reckon the poor girl that Harvey Crittenden is engaged to will have an easier time with him than I have. He has learned a lesson from it, as true as you live, Maggie. It's always the way; with men it is one woman has to be decently treated. Well, I am glad for somebody. Harvey is a glorious fellow sometimes.—If that fellow does not send home my photograph by to-morrow, I'm just going to send for it. And now, Maggie Meredith, if you make a fool of yourself another minute longer, for any biped under the sun, you deserve the rack. You do hate beggars; stick to it; and Maggie surveyed herself in the mirror promised she would.

"Miss Maggie," said the cook, breaking in upon her reverie, "there's an old man down to the door who wants something to eat, and a job light work. Oh! he's a sick-looking old fellow and really I'll yo be after coming down, Miss?"

"Another beggar!" mused Maggie. "I'm thankful Auntie is out, for I might receive a lecture on the beauties of charity. I wouldn't born with any of that, either. Well!" said she, opening the back door, where the old man stood, "what can I do for you?" Cook tells me you are ill and hungry, and want work."

"Yes, Miss," said the old tatterdemalion, trembling tones.

"What is the matter with you?" and Maggie's voice was full of sympathy.

"Oh! nothing but the rheumatic. I've had it all winter. It's all I can do to take a step. But for the love of mercy give me a mouthful to eat; I'm almost starved."

"Come into the kitchen, and we'll see what we can do for you." Cook got him a good warm cup of coffee, and whatever you have got good to eat. Would you like to wash your face and hands?"

"Oh yes, ma'am, if you please," replied the beggar. "I was trying to get in some coal for the folks below, but I was obliged to leave it; I hadn't got the strength."

Maggie with her own hands placed a basin of water, soap, and towels before him, poured out his coffee, and set the chair to the kitchen table.

"Now eat just as much as you can relish, filling his plate.

"How much chat pil you spin in this family below?"

"Oh! about half a ton."

"Well, and didn't they talk about the poor beggar?"

"Oh no ma'am," he replied. "They didn't expect it when I didn't tell my errand to."

"Well, that man deserves fainting. I take my affidavit that if ever a man was made that bargain with you, and allowed you, hungry and sick, to leave without being paid; no woman would ever be trusted using no scurvy tricks."

The old man pressed his hand to his head a moment, and then replied:

"Yes, my dear Miss, it was a man that then there are very few like him in the world."

"That's so," she replied, and forgot herself in a hearty laugh. "Very few like him, you poor sick old man; very few like me, indeed! You wouldn't believe how I hate beggars, would you?" "That I have no plunge with anybody who is poor, ill, or unfortunate? Oh, poh, nor! Is this the world am I talking about? Way, the your soul; good man, you have been enough to keep a mouth in a year. Now let me about this rheumatism. What do you trouble you?"

"Do my kidney, Miss?" and he leaned again hid his face in his hands.

"Go to my closet," said she to the servant, "and bring me that big bottle in the summer. I'll give them a real good rubbing over it, and then you can take the bottle home and bathe them two or three times a day. Rheumatism must be terrible."

Bridget returned with the desired article. Maggie took her seat on the footstool and commenced rubbing the old man's back. "Oh, no Miss," said the beggar, and a tremor in his voice, and a tear fell upon that."

"Why, you old goose," said Maggie, laughing, "I can do you more good in two minutes than you can do your self in an hour. I am used to the rubbing. I've a dozen on my sick list now. I wish I have to perform just such offices. What are you hand? ready for, if I can do good with? Come, don't be bashful."

Maggie, Maggie, Maggie!" and in the twinkling of an eye, the old man, gray as whiskers, and crooked, were gone, and Harvey Crittenden, hat in hand, with joy, love, and a peculiar half satisfaction which Maggie felt in an instant before, confronted her. Maggie was one stunned for a moment, but soon she chilled, and as soon as she could find breath for the kisses, she remarked saucily,

"Humph! Don't you look silly! Where was you all the time? I call this a show off that's all." But in a moment a burst of tears told a different story. Maggie, clasped fondly in his arms, sobbed out her joy and regret. Maggie is now a wife, but no plunge of rheumatism, or a bottle of liniment is quite sufficient to send her to the room.

A CORNISH CARNIVAL. While this day came in fresh interest in the origin of the carnival is buried in mystery. No one knows whether the festival was brought to the Druids, the Romans, or the Spanish settlers on the Cornish coast. There is no testimony to the contrary either in tradition or commonly received as well to award the priority to the ownership, of which all parties are unconscious, to the oldest inhabitant.

However this may be, there can be no doubt about the fact of the idea of the revival of Flora being a very pretty one. May is an early month in Cornwall, with balmy joyousness. Easterly winds are unknown and chilling showers are rare. But on this last eighth of May the weather was well inclined to those who would carry out an aesthetic idea.

There are three distinct cycles of dance and three clearly-defined circles, formally authorized to dance round them. The town like maniacs in a bacchanalian revelry of madness on this day. The hours for starting are five in the morning, an hour before noon, and from one to three. Each party of Terpsichoreans is preceded by a band playing the Flora dance—a lively, catching tune that haunts one for days after it has happily ceased to sound on the fifes and drums. A time-table might have made the fame that Professor of Dramatical Jullien—or Dan Godfrey, the street-boy of antiquity—never have caught the haunting melody, and placed it to the distraction of all and sundry. The first set is composed of the gentry, the second of the aristocracy of neighborhood, and town, and the third of the tradespeople. Each set follows a fixed route, starts from the same point, and eventually, after a fatiguing journey of nearly three hours' duration, reaches the stand goal. The incessant dancing which the "motive" requires, and the adept, equalizes the performances of several sets, and causes them to resemble one another as closely as dancers of any party in the domain of modern civilization and good society another. The rest of the aristocratic flock who started at eleven only differed from their predecessor in that there is a little more being gay at eleven than at five.

At about half-past ten all the gentry joined taking part in the grand ball at the Town Hall—the ladies in their partners, the gentlemen in their fair. The rule of precedence is, that a Helston shall lead, if there be one. If there be no bride the dance must be led by the lady of the highest rank present. She opens the last. About forty couples are in the strange dance to the strains of an adapted first through a bookseller's shop, thence to the garden, and away into a neighbor's and so on for about three hours, finishing in their course all the principal places of the town, and shops in the town. All the buildings are decorated with green and trophies of evergreens and flowers. The whole

MASTA'S PULMONIC BALSAM.

Unfailing Eye Preservers!

LAZARUS & MORRIS' CELEBRATED

Perfected Spectacles and EYE GLASSES.

For sale at C. SWEET'S Jewelry store, No. 5 Hammond St., Bangor.

Rubber Curry Combs,

IN AN APPROVED STYLE.

NOW being extensively used by all stable keepers. Sold by J. F. PATTEN & CO., No. 1, Granite Block, Bangor.

Extract of Dandelion,

FOR MAKING BEER, a delicious Summer drink. Sold by J. F. PATTEN & CO., No. 1 Granite Block, Bangor.

New Books.

TWO YEARS BEFORE THE MAST, new edition. Burgesses Vinegarisk. The American Flora. Moral Photographs; Rome, Florence and Venice. Dr. Smith's Old Testament History—other new books, received by

D. BUGBEE & CO.

MAINE REPORTS—vol. 3—received by

D. BUGBEE & CO.

Carleton's New Work,

OUR NEW WAY ROUND THE WORLD. Dana's Two Years before the Mast—new edition. "The Wedding Day," in all accounts—June 7. Received by E. S. BURGESS.

REAL ESTATE.

House for Rent.

FOR SALE.

House for Sale.

FARM FOR SALE

Land for Sale.

House for Rent.

For Sale.

Tannery, Dwelling House, &c.,

For Sale.

Land for Sale.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

For Sale.

For Sale or to Let.

A. B. Sutton.

Internal Revenue.

THE REIGNING SENSATION.

STONE & MURRAY'S COMBINATION CIRCUS

UPON their own premises, the BEST EXHIBITION OF THE AGE, will give two exhibitions

Monday and Tuesday,

July 5 and 6, 1869,

On Corner of Main and Somerset Streets.

THE GRAND ENTRÉE will take place on MONDAY, JULY 5th, at 7 o'clock A. M., and TWO EXHIBITIONS.

Admission 50 cents; children under nine years of age, half price. Children under nine years of age, half price. Talent the finest in the world, but not vulgar.

STONE & MURRAY have the honor to announce that they have engaged the entire Circus Company of Mr. Adam Forepaugh, comprising the following celebrities:

The Leotard of the Period, the Celebrated Equestrian, Professor Antonio Pastor, the Great Equestrian Artist, Master Nicholas Kelly, the Celebrated Clown, Mr. Frank Kelly, the Celebrated Clown, Mr. Frank Kelly, the Celebrated Clown, Mr. Frank